Five questions for Eric Jewett

In what likely was a moment of weakness, Eric Jewett picked up a Director’s Guild of America magazine and saw the University of Colorado Denver ad seeking a professor of film, and decided to answer the call.

He had spent some 35 years in Hollywood, working on film and television production, but he was “cranky and tired.” It was not uncommon for him to work 80 hours a week. And even though his jobs were exciting and he collaborated with other smart, fascinating, interesting and creative people, he applied for the CU job.

“I was in a weakened condition. I applied and got accepted and then said, ‘Oh-oh, what now?’ There was a lot of soul-searching, because I love working on TV production, but on the other hand this was an exciting change,” said Jewett, who joined the College of Arts and Media this fall as an associate professor of television, film and video production.

His decision was swayed slightly by the fact that he had spent time in Colorado several times a year, visiting his son who attended CU Boulder, and enjoying some of his favorite pastimes – skiing and snowboarding.

“Every time we were here, I would say to my wife, ‘I love Colorado. We should move here.’ And every time she would say to me, ‘Yeah, right. What are you going to do here?’”

What he will do here is share his expansive knowledge of filmmaking and television production.

“It will be exciting to pass this knowledge on to a new crop of filmmakers. And even though I have always had young people coming to me to ask for jobs, and have always nurtured and mentored them in Hollywood, it wasn’t a structured learning experience. The idea of coming to CU and developing a program by which I could transmit my knowledge was really thrilling for me,” he said.

Jewett became interested in film production while attending Harvard, where he was studying painting and sculpture.

“The girl I was dating at the time said, ‘Do you want to take a film class with me?’ I figured a semester in the dark with her sounded like fun. I took the film class and it opened my eyes completely,” he said. “I grew up in a very small down in Massachusetts, with no movie theater for miles and miles. We didn’t have a television growing up, and so I knew nothing about film entertainment.”

Because of the class, instead of “agonizing by myself in a studio over what I was going to paint,” he suddenly was involved with a group of cool kids who were excited about what could be done with a camera and sound recording and film. “I was hooked.”

His professional production and direction credits include the films “American Gigolo,” “Taxi Driver,” “Cat People,” “Team America,” “Star Wars: Episode VI - Return of the Jedi,” “The Lost Boys,” “National Lampoon’s Christmas Vacation” and “Basic Instinct,” and television series “Code Black,” “Weeds” and “CSI: Crime Scene Investigation.”

1. What was a day in the life of you like on the set? What were some of your favorite...
projects?

I would have anywhere from two to eight jobs a year and the great thing is that every day was different. On some days, I would wake up and be unemployed and would get on the phone and try to find a job. Other days, I had a job and would be reading a script and breaking it down and figuring out all the production details. I would have meetings with the director of photography, the director, the producer, with the costume people, and all the crew people that make up the filmmaking team. I was in charge of organizing the whole group, telling them what we are going to do when and how we are going to do it. It was all about management.

The preparation takes equally the same amount of time as shooting. When we moved to shooting, I had a minimum of 80 people and a maximum of 1,000 people involved, and I would be shouting and moving and telling them what to do. I kept the whole machine going forward and was in charge of getting it all done as quickly as possible and as creatively as possibly. The writer and director would tell me what they wanted, and I would tell them how we are going to do it.

One project early in my career was really fun and exciting, and that was “Return of the Jedi.” I was a fan of “Star Wars” and when I got the opportunity to work on “Return of the Jedi,” I leapt at the chance. It was big, it was different from what I’d worked on before, it was on location in incredible places and it was a great movie. And it was a project to be proud of.

Another favorite was a film that no one saw, “Face to Face.” It starred Elizabeth Montgomery of “Bewitched” fame, who was a dream – one of the most wonderful people I’ve ever met. We were in Kenya, Africa, way out in the bush 23 kilometers from the nearest telephone. Cell phones didn’t exist then. It was an adventure. We were camping out and had guards with guns protecting us from wild animals that would walk through our campsite at night. I got to know a family of Maasai who lived near our set. That was an adventure in every sense of the word. I was very grateful that my job took me there.

I also worked on a television show, “Weeds,” for Showtime. That show went on for eight years. I had a chance to know and work with Mary-Louise Parker, who is an amazing actress. I learned so much about working with actors from her. And she and Jenji Kohan, the woman who created this show, gave me the opportunity to direct a lot of episodes. That was a lovely opportunity for me and an amazing learning experience.

2. Are movies in theaters in danger of being replaced by other options, such as streaming videos? And because there are so many options, does film and television entertainment have the same cultural impact that it did in years past?

There is something wonderful about the experience of going to a theater with a crowd of people, seeing a film on a big giant screen with lush soundtracks. If it is a comedy, you are all laughing; if it is a drama, you are all crying. The fact that you are moved by something and sharing that experience with a group of people is a unique and interesting experience.

Is the theater experience too expensive for a lot of people? Absolutely. But I think that people still want to do it. Every few years, there’s a bad box office summer and people begin talking about the end of the film business, but then the industry produces a couple of great movies and people get excited again.

There will always be television and video on demand – the sort of stuff you watch at home. When I watch, for example, “Game of Thrones,” I watch it in my home. My wife doesn’t like it, so I watch it alone. The show is so exciting for me that I want to share it with someone and when it is over, I call someone or we talk about it over the water cooler. But it is not the same as being in the room at the
same time and watching.

And there is still a cultural impact. It's more split up, but this is the golden age of television. There’s never been this much good television available. I could watch TV 12 hours a day and not see it all. Another great thing about what is happening now is that we do have on-demand availability so that if I tell you that you have to watch “Game of Thrones,” you can find it at any time, in a variety of options, and watch it. In the olden days, if you missed “M*A*S*H” on the night it was on, you could just forget about it. Then, 26 million people watched “M*A*S*H.” Now it might be half that, but how many people have watched it the next day or the next week or the next month? Those totals, I think, are under-counted.

3. When you watch these shows, do you look at them with a critical eye, or can you step back and enjoy them?

Eric Jewett’s recommended TV shows: Ozark Game of Thrones The Night Of Veep This Is Us Black-ish The Night Manager

In the perfect world, I just sit back and enjoy the show. If it is a well-made show and a compelling story, then that is what happens. I sit there and say, “Wow, this is great.” There’s a ring through my nose and they are towing me right along, start to finish. But if the show drags, and if I’m not moved by what the scenes are trying to do, then I critique the show. I say, “They could have done this; they should have done that. They should have fired that person or this person will never work in Hollywood again!” My thinking like that is a sign that the show is not good; but me wiping tears from my eyes or clutching my stomach with laughter means the show is good.

4. What are your education goals as a faculty member at CU?

I have big goals and big plans, and I have small goals. Each day I teach a class and each day I hope that I’ve reached the students and engaged them both in their hearts and minds. That’s my small goal for each day.

My bigger goal is to help CU become a film school of note. I want this program to succeed. I want more people to come here. I want the program to develop and get bigger and have more in-depth programs. There are some terrific teachers here and some really terrific classes available, but there is so much more that can be done, so many opportunities. I would love to see this program turn into a filmmaking powerhouse and I think that is possible.

I also have to say that I’m very excited that my students are so open and enthusiastic and willing to take in new ideas. At the same time, in my senior thesis class, every day those students show up with really interesting and creative ideas for films and scenes and things they want to do. They aren’t rehearsing old things but are coming up with new stuff and I admire that.

5. You must have hundreds of memories and pieces of memorabilia from your time in Hollywood. Is there a favorite reminder that you keep in your office?

I have a lot of photographs that either I have taken or people have taken of me. And I currently have a photo of Marcia Gay Hardin that I took on the set of the TV show “Code Black” where we worked together. It was a hospital setting, but also involved police, who had crime-scene tape. The prop guys and the set dressers use what looks like crime scene tape but says, Hot Set, which means that the set is in the middle of being filmed and should not be touched. The set dressers would have a tendency to come in and clean up the fake blood off the floor, for instance, but when we start filming again, that fake blood is supposed to match. So the tape would keep them off the set. Marcia took the tape and wrapped it all around herself and posed for me.
New administrative policy statement relates to CU children’s programs

The Office of Policy and Efficiency (OPE) has announced the approval of a new administrative policy statement – APS7009 - Protection of Children Participating in University-Run and University-Contracted Programs for Children – which clarifies the expectations and outlines campus requirements to provide for the protection of children who are participating in programs for children on campuses.

The policy applies to all university-operated and university-contracted programs for children and any unaffiliated program operators who operate programs for children on university-owned facilities.

CU offers many educational, cultural, service learning, volunteer, athletic and other programs specifically for children. Operating programs for children creates obligations for the host campus to protect children. Campuses also are obligated to design and operate their programs for children in compliance with state and federal law, as well as with this policy and related procedures.

The new policy was developed in consultation with the campus compliance coordinators, campus attorneys and risk management. It was reviewed by the campus chancellors and approved by President Bruce Benson before it took effect on Oct. 4.

For more detailed information, go to http://www.cu.edu/ope/aps/7009.

For additional information on system policies, go to: http://www.cu.edu/ope.

Be Boulder Pact to save student body $8.4 million annually

Video: Why do people like to be scared?

Visiting Artist Program at CU Boulder welcomes Postcommodity

Postcommodity is an interdisciplinary arts team that uses its medium to address the force of the global market. The trio – Raven Chacon, Cristóbal Martinez and Kade L. Twist – create art to bring dialogue to certain issues.

“We’re creating an immersive experience for our audience,” Martinez said.

The group is featured as part of the Visiting Artist and and Visiting Scholar programs at CU Boulder, and
will appear at a lecture at 6:30 p.m., Oct. 31, in the Visual Arts Complex 1B20.

Postcommodity’s best-known installation, “Repellent Fence,” was inspired by the artists’ time spent at the U.S.-Mexico border. In 2015, they debuted the piece, consisting of huge yellow balloons with red, black and blue spots on them, placed at the Mexico-U.S. border.

“We tried to create a work of art that demonstrates the confusion that the border is generating,” Martinez said.

At their lecture series, the Postcommodity artists hope to discuss their pieces and the metaphors that their multimedia works of art create.

Since 1972, CU Boulder has hosted a Visiting Artists and Scholar Program, which aims to immerse students into the artist’s mind space and create an intimate environment for the artists and students to converse.

“It brings in artists and scholars by complementing what is being taught in the classroom and the pedagogy of the Art and Art History Department,” said Kirsten Stoltz, Visiting Artists and Scholar Program coordinator.

Lectures are structured to allow students to get real-time access to practitioners in the field; they also connect students to content that is being taught in the department. About 10 to 15 artists and scholars visit campus each year to engage with the CU community.

Hosting visiting artists and scholars not only provides an educational experience, but is very beneficial for students in the department who are working on art of their own, or studying history.

“Most of the artists and scholars are producing work continually,” Stoltz said. “(This is) the window and opportunity to ask them, ‘How is this done after school? How can I continue my practice whether as a historian or practitioner?’”

Visiting artists are able to visit students in the studio and critique their art, which can be an added bonus.

“It’s very intimate with the visiting artists and scholars who have access to that information,” Stoltz said.

As an outreach initiative, the lectures are free and open to the public.

“We have tons of people from the community. It builds this rich dialogue that’s really important to the department,” Stoltz said.

**Chancellor Reddy joins India investment mission led by Gov. Hickenlooper**

**Health Sciences Library opens spacious, welcoming study zone**
LynxFest: New CU Denver tradition welcomes big crowd

Coleman next to step into leading role of commencement marshal

Church to present at Wyoming

Yang presents to national leaders on research in energy markets

Adams, Barton earn grants from Air Force’s Young Investigator Research Program